

Development

① Define development.

Ans: Development refers to the sustainable increase in the living standards, its perspective idea which differs from one to the other.

If computers better health better education, more job ~~etc~~ opportunities, higher per capita income, etc.

For Capita Income \rightarrow $\frac{\text{Total income of the country}}{\text{Total population of the country}}$

Ex. ⑧ Total income of the 4 families

$$= 4 \times ₹ 5000 \\ = ₹ 20,000$$

$$\therefore \text{Income of the other family} \\ = ₹ (90,000 - 4000 - 7000 - 8000) \\ = ₹ 85000 \text{ (iv)}$$

② What are the different approaches to search development?

Ans: These are three approaches to search development:

- i) Traditional approach, ii) Middle approach, iii) Recent approach.

② "Development people have different development goals" explain.

Ans: Development refers to the sustainable increase in the living standards, its a perspective from which differs from person to person. For e.g., the development of a poor farmer is not as same as the development of a rich farmer is water person. The farmer counts for a good harvest and high price of his crops and another education for his children, while the poor graduate wants for a better education and wants to settle in future. For a worker, getting high salaries is considered as development. But for an industrialist, earning high profits will be development.

Thus, development of one is not development for the other and each and every people have different development goals.

6) Why do you consider the total income as an improper yardstick to measure development?

Ans-1) Comparing countries on the basis of total income will not indicate about distribution of income among people and living standards of per person.

ii) While understating we are much more concerned not about the total income of the country. But rather on the per capita income, helps us understand the average income of the people residing in the country.

iii) The total income of the country helps us to understand the position of the country among the world economies. It is a way to understand the position of the country among the how much resourceful a country is but we fail to point out the exact development of the country.

7) Income is considered to be one of the most important attributes of development. Justify the statement.

Ans-1) Countries with higher income are more developed than other countries with less income. More income can fulfill more demand. It is therefore an important attribute in measuring development of a country.

ii) There are many other variables which act as a parameter of understanding development.

iii) Equality, freedom, rights as well as the standard of living, health & education can also measure and give us a true picture of development.

8) What are the social problems faced by our Indian economy?

Ans- The social problems are as follows:-

i) Income disparity
ii) Unemployment problem persisting in our country

iii) Scarcity of resources with unlimited wants,

iv) Poverty
v) Caste and gender discrimination, etc.

~~Blue~~

Q1 If we find the per capita income to be same in between two countries, do it reflects the true picture of development? ^{or,}

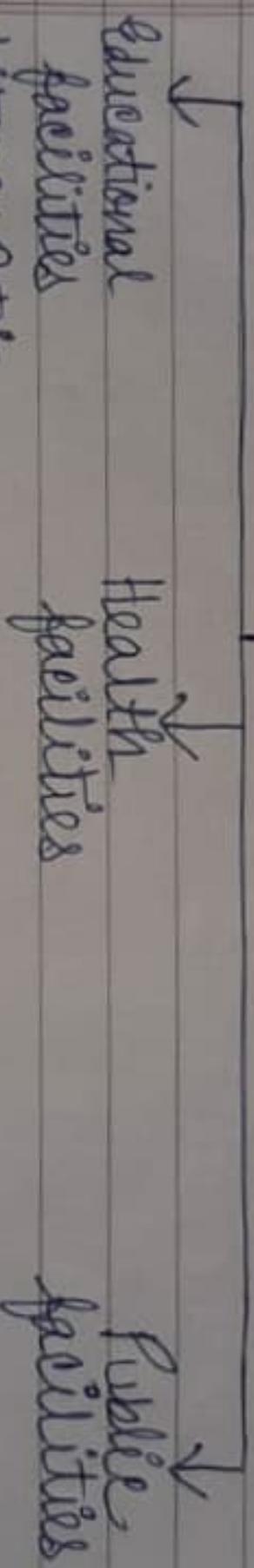
~~Ans~~ "PEI hides the disparities" — Justify the statement.

classmate

Date _____

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⑩ Criteria on parameter for comparing the countries according to its development.



→ Literacy Rate:-

The no. of individuals above 7 years of age having an ability to read and write is considered as a literate in the country.

and write is considered as a literate in the country.

⑫ How can you ["]education leads to the growth of a country. ["]

Ans: i) In a country, if the people get an opp

in that particular year. IMR is inversely proportional to development.

• Life Expectancy Rate: The average number of years a person can be expected to live. LER at birth is also called longevity. LER is directly proportional to development.

Why do you consider Kerala the most developed state though having less per-capita income than Maharashtra & Bihar?

Ans: 1) If we take PEI as a measure of development then Maharashtra will be considered as the most developed state and Bihar will be the least developed state.

ii) IMR in Kerala is 12 children whereas it is almost double in Kerala.

iii) The net attendance ratio in Bihar is only 35 which means in Bihar 2/3rd of students are not attending their classes.

• How can you say life expectancy and development are related?

Ans: 1) Life expectancy depends on the medical

facilities provided by the country to its people.

ii) Higher life expectancy is a result of availability of better medical facilities that reduce the number of absences in the work place and help them to increase their productivity. Thus, high

iii) Thus, high life expectancy leads to higher development (showing a positive relationship between them).

What do you understand by the public facilities provided by the government?

Ans: Public facilities are the aid or help provided by the government for the purpose of general welfare.

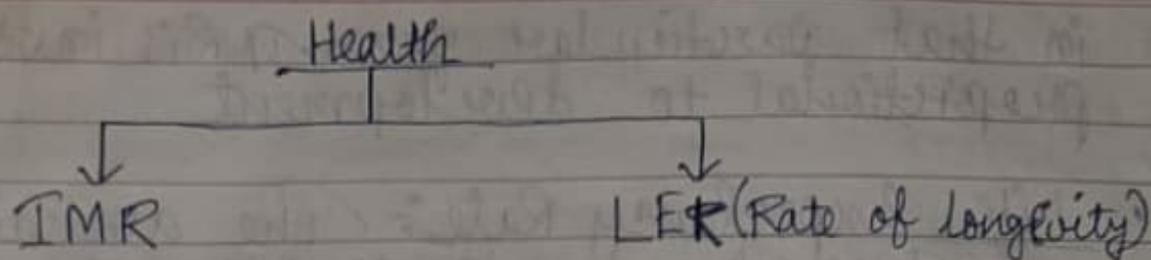
For e.g. PDs, government dispensaries, networks, street lights, goods transportation, etc.

These are various importance of public facilities such as:

a) Adequate availability of public facilities help in the development of the country.

b) It helps us to avoid social crimes.

c) It indirectly boosts up the literary state



IMR = $\frac{\text{No. of children who die before the completion of 1000 live births}}{1000 \text{ live births}}$

How can we say health to be promoting development?

Ans: i) Health facilities are provided to people, so that, they work efficiently in their work place.

ii) If the health facilities is reduced, the number of diseases will increase, the country will be less productive.

iii) But if better health facilities are provided, national income will increase and that lead to development.

What are the indicators of health index? Explain them.

Ans: There are two indicators of health index:-

a) Infant Mortality Rate: Number of children dying before age of one year as a proportion of 1000 live children born

of our country and receives the IMF.
United Nations Development Programme

→ UNDP developed a new concept of a new measure of development which was known as HDI (Human Development Index) for the first time in the year 1990 that includes that PEI is not only the indicator of development.

- a) Health Index (longevity)
 - b) Educational Index (educational attainment)
 - c) Public facilities (help/aid from the government)
- are also equal important to understand the overall development of the country.

Explain the three dimensions of HDI.

Ans: There are three dimensions of HDI:-

1) Education

ii) Health

iii) Public facilities showing economic welfare

What is GDP?

Ans: The sum total of the market value of all goods and services produced within the domestic territory of a country in a given accounting year is called Gross Domestic Product.