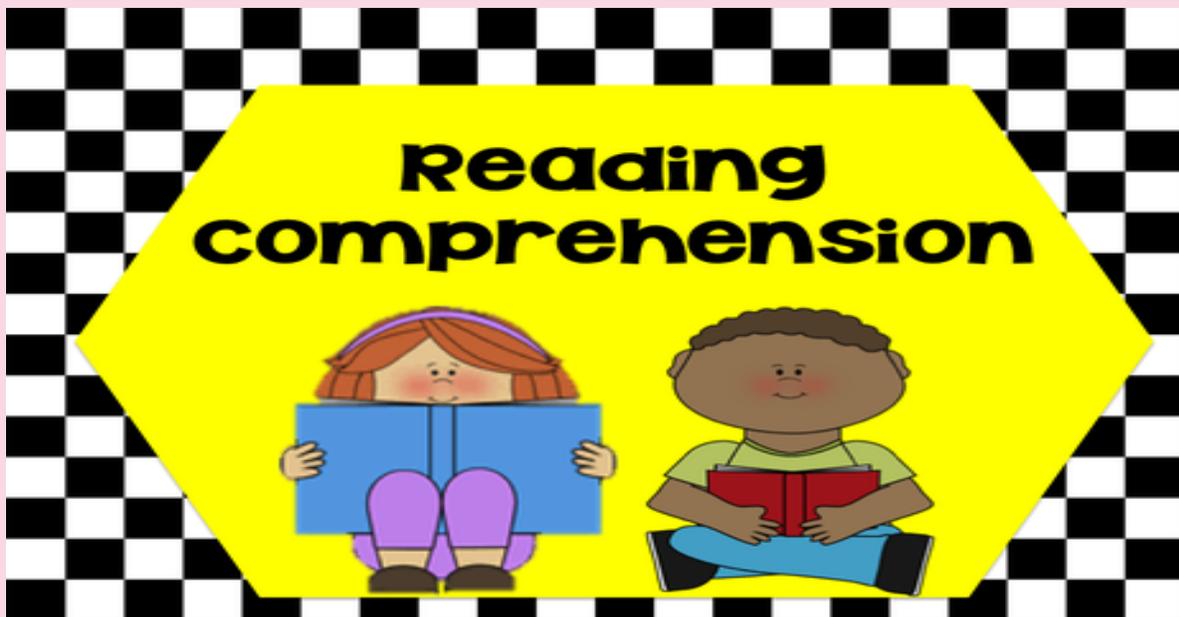
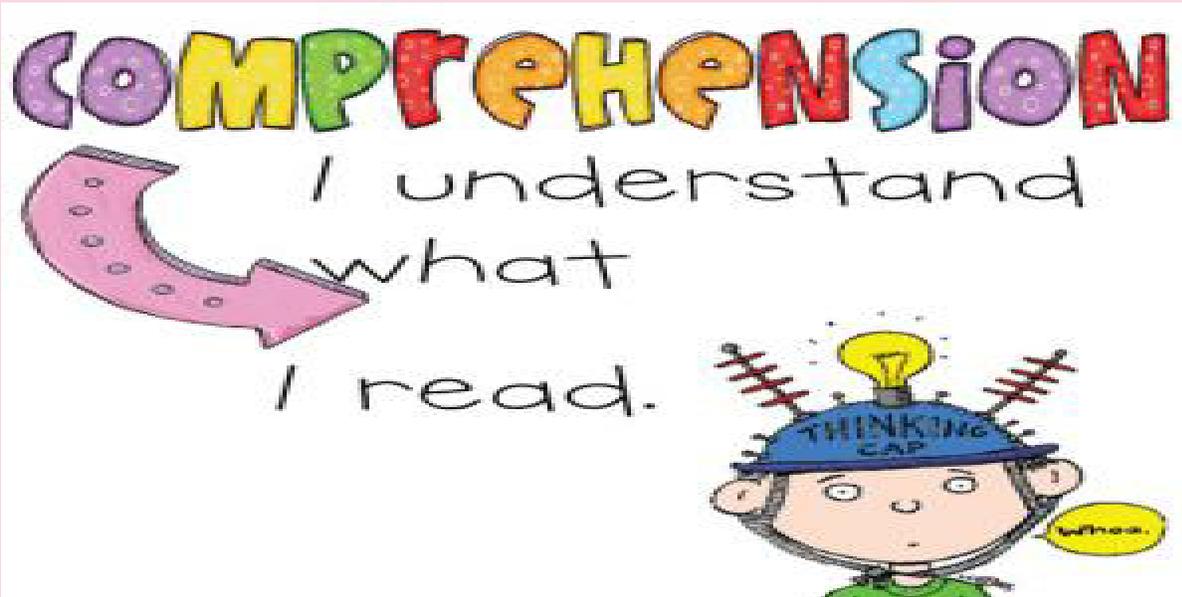


## Comprehension



**Q.1. Read the passage and answer the following questions:**

The Constitution of India came into effect on 26th January, 1950; therefore, this day is celebrated as the Republic Day every year.

The Republic Day is celebrated throughout the country with

great enthusiasm and vigour. A grand parade is held in New Delhi near the Rashtrapati Bhavan, along the Rajpath, past the India Gate and to the historic Red Fort.

The events of the day begin with the Prime Minister laying a wreath at the Amar Jawan Jyoti, commemorating the soldiers who sacrificed their lives for the nation. The President unfurls the National Flag of India and the National Anthem is played 21 guns salute. Following this, a brief ceremony takes place where the President honours soldiers from the armed forces for their exceptional courage and awards those civilians whose acts of bravery in different situations distinguish from the rest.

The President takes salute of the marching contingents of the Army, Air force, Navy, Paramilitary forces, Police and the National Cadet Corps.

**A. Answer the following questions:**

- 1) When did the Constitution of India come into effect?
- 2) When do we celebrate the Republic Day?
- 3) Where is the grand parade held?
- 4) How does the event of the Republic Day begin?
- 5) Name two monuments mentioned in the passage.

**B. Find words from the passage which mean the same as the following:**

- 1) all over-\_\_\_\_\_.
- 2) happenings-\_\_\_\_\_.
- 3) Short-\_\_\_\_\_.

4) bravery-\_\_\_\_\_.

5) Zeal-\_\_\_\_\_.

6) Energy-\_\_\_\_\_.

**Q.2.Read the passage carefully and answer the following questions:**

Lions belong to the 'cat' family. They are unique because they are the only cats to live in groups or prides. Lions are yellowish-brown in colour, with a yellow or black mane. Male lions have a thick, long mane around the head that extends down the chest. Female lions do not have manes.

Lions have massive shoulders and strong legs , long, sharp claws, and powerful jaws. A lion's roar can be heard more than 8km away.

Prides of lions generally consist of one male and thirteen to forty females. However , some prides have as few as two members. A pride's home area varies in size from 20 to 400 square km.

Lions capture their prey mainly during the night, and are reputed to sleep or rest for about twenty hours a day. You will often find them lying under a shady bush, particularly after they have fed.

**Q.Answer the following questions:**

- 1.Do you consider lions to be powerful animals? Give reasons from the passage.
2. When do lions generally capture their prey?
3. What do lions do(perform) for the most part of the day?
- 4.Why are lions unique?

Q. Write the antonyms of the following words:

1. Night-\_\_\_\_\_.

2. Thick-\_\_\_\_\_.

3. Find-\_\_\_\_\_.

4. Long-\_\_\_\_\_.

