

## CASE STUDY -9

Upendrakishore Ray Chowdhury, the writer of “Goopy Gyne Bagha Byne”, is a renowned personality of Bengal. His real name was Kamadaranjan. He was the second son of late Kalinath Ray. Later he was adopted by a family-relative Harikishore and he renamed his adopted son as Upendrakishore. He was born in 1863 at Moshua in Mymensingh which is now in Bangladesh. He passed away in 1915. He is the proud father of Sukumar Ray, a great name in Bengali literature. His grandchild is Satyajit Ray, a great filmmaker and a famous writer. Upendrakishore was a great literary genius. He devoted himself to children’s literature. “Tuntunir Golpo”, “Sekaler Katha”, are read even now with great interest by children. Moreover he published a children’s magazine named ‘Sandesh’ in 1913.

Read the above passage and answer the following questions

1. Satyajit Ray was a \_\_\_\_\_

- a. writer                      b. filmmaker                      c. both a and b

2. Upendrakishore was adopted by \_\_\_\_\_

- a. Sukumar Ray                      b. Kalinath Ray                      c. Harikishore

3. ‘Sandesh’ was published in \_\_\_\_\_

- a. 1931                      b. 1913                      c. 1391

4. Upendrakishore’s writings are \_\_\_\_\_

- a. Tuntunir golpo                      b. Sekaler katha                      c. both a and b

5. Upendrakishore was a \_\_\_\_\_

- a. film maker                      b. doctor                      c. literary genius.